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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/560,494	12/12/2005	Olaf Schrey	FHG02F40689	3117
	7590 06/26/2007 KS, VICE PRESIDENT	EXAMINER		
THOMSON LICENSING LLC			LEE, PATRICK J	
PATENT OPERATIONS PO BOX 5312			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PRINCETON, NJ 08543-5312			2878 .	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/26/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/560,494	SCHREY ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Patrick J. Lee	2878		
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address		
WHI - Ext afte - If N - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cl or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by a reply received by the Office later than three months after the ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THIS COMMUNI FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI statute, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on	12 December 2005.			
2a)[_	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice un	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.[). 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposi	tion of Claims				
4) 🛛	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application	ation.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	hdrawn from consideration.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
·	Claim(s) <u>1-7,9 and 12-14</u> is/are rejected.				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>8,10 and 11</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement			
∪(ت	Claim(3) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.			
Applica	tion Papers				
	The specification is objected to by the Exa		_		
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 December 2005</u>				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	***	• •		
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the color of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
,	• •	ie Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action of form F10-132.		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
а) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docu				
	2. Certified copies of the priority docu				
	 Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B 	·	rreceived in this National Stage		
. *	See the attached detailed Office action for	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	received.		
		* r ,			
Attachme	ent(s) ice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗀 Intonious	Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Not	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94	8) Paper No	(s)/Mail Date		
	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) per No(s)/Mail Date <u>12122005</u> .	5)	Informal Patent Application		

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DETAILED ACTION

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Drawings

1. New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because no drawings were included with the original filing of the specification. For examination purposes, it will be assumed that the figures in the PCT application are the figures for this application. Even with the PCT figures, new figures are required because the text within the figures is not in English. Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings. The corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein

were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 1-7, 9, & 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,572,074 to Standley.

With respect to claim 1, Standley discloses a photosensor circuit comprising: photodetector (12) as a receiver which outputs an output signal in dependence on the electromagnetic radiation; switch (34) as a means for varying a sensitivity of receiver (12) between two sources (V_{bias} and I_{bias}) to connect to receiver (12) and to change the stored energy; photosensor circuit (20, 40) as an energy store connectable to receiver (12) and whose stored energy is changed in accordance to output signal; and a control means is inherent in toggling between the two modes that switch (34) provides. However, Standley does not explicitly disclose the varying of the sensitivity such that between two successive resetting events, the sensitivity is high once and low once. Standley does disclose that there is a voltage mode output to have high sensitivity to contrast within the image, but a lower sensitivity when the spread from the average intensity is smaller (see column 4, lines 40-47). To modify the teachings of Standley to modify the sensitivity between two successive resetting events is known in the art and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because this would give the

device the versatility to have an increased range of operation to be effective in all different types of lighting environments.

With respect to claim 2, the modified Standley discloses the device as previously described. Standley discloses photosensor (12) to be a photodiode, but does not explicitly disclose the photodiode to have a semiconductor pn transition. However, semiconductor pn transitions are well known in the art and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because the semiconductor pn transitions would provide accurate signals of the lighting to effectively function as a detector.

With respect to claim 3, the modified Standley discloses source (V_{bias}) as a controllable voltage source for applying a variable cutoff voltage.

With respect to claims 4-7, the modified Standley discloses the device as previously described. However, the modified Standley does not explicitly disclose the energy store as a capacitance. To use a capacitor is known in the art for signal storage and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because the capacitor would allow for significant storage of the signal with as little leakage as possible.

With respect to claim 9, the modified Standley discloses the device as previously discussed. The modified Standley does not disclose the use of a shield. However, the use of shield is known in the art and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in order to prevent extraneous light from adversely affecting the signal output by the device.

With respect to claims 12-13, the modified Standley discloses the device as previously discussed. The modified Standley does not explicitly disclose the device to

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be incorporated into a 3D-measuring system, but this would be an intended use that is known in the art and obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because the obvious duplication of parts would result in a system capable of imaging in multiple dimensions to obtain a rendering of the object capable of being used to easily detect any defects or imperfections.

With respect to claim 14, Standley discloses a photosensor circuit comprising: photodetector (12) as a receiver which outputs an output signal in dependence on the electromagnetic radiation; switch (34) as a means for varying a sensitivity of receiver (12) between two sources (V_{bias} and I_{bias}) to connect to receiver (12) and to change the stored energy; photosensor circuit (20, 40) as an energy store connectable to receiver (12) and whose stored energy is changed in accordance to output signal; and a control means is inherent in toggling between the two modes that switch (34) provides. However, Standley does not explicitly disclose the varying of the sensitivity such that between two successive resetting events, the sensitivity is high once and low once. Standley does disclose that there is a voltage mode output to have high sensitivity to contrast within the image, but a lower sensitivity when the spread from the average intensity is smaller (see column 4. lines 40-47). To modify the teachings of Standley to modify the sensitivity between two successive resetting events is known in the art and would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because this would give the device the versatility to have an increased range of operation to be effective in all different types of lighting environments.

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Allowable Subject Matter

- 6. Claims 8 & 10-11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

With respect to claims 8 & 10, the prior art of record does not disclose nor suggest that the control means controls the controllable voltage source in accordance to clock signals such that the space-charge region of the first photodiode is larger at one time (and the space-charge region of the second photodiode is smaller) and the space-charge region of the first photodiode is smaller at a second time (and the space-charge region of the second photodiode is larger) and that the switching is synchronized with the pulse time periods. As a result, claims 8 & 10 and dependent claim 11 is objected.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick J. Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-2440. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on (571) 272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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June 20, 2007